

**Monoclonal Mouse
Anti-Human CD19/PB**
Clone HD37
Code No. PB 985

For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Recommended use	Monoclonal Mouse Anti-Human CD19/PB, is recommended for use in flow cytometry for identification of cells expressing CD19.
Introduction	CD19 is a 120 kDa transmembrane glycoprotein with a reduced Mr of 95 000 (1, 2). CD19 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily with two extracellular C2-type domains (1), and it is a critical signal transduction molecule that regulates B lymphocyte development, activation, and differentiation (2). CD19 expression is restricted to normal and neoplastic B cells, being absent from T cells, monocytes, and granulocytes. The CD19 antigen appears early during B cell maturation, probably at late pro-B cell stage around the time of Ig heavy chain rearrangement. It then persists during all stages of B cell maturation and is lost upon terminal differentiation to plasma cells (1).
Reagent provided	<p>PB 985 is a purified monoclonal mouse antibody conjugated with Pacific Blue* (PB). PB has an excitation and emission spectrum at 406 nm and 456 nm, respectively. The conjugate is provided in liquid form in 0.05 mol/L Tris/HCl, 15 mmol/L NaN₃, pH 7.2, 1% bovine serum albumin. Each vial contains 100 tests (10 µL of conjugate for 100 µL peripheral blood).</p> <p><u>Clone:</u> HD37. <u>Isotype:</u> IgG1, kappa. <u>Conjugate concentration mg/L:</u> See label on vial.</p> <p>* The Pacific Blue™ dye antibody conjugate in this product is sold under license from Molecular Probes, Inc., for research use only, except for use in combination with microarrays, and is covered by pending and issued patents.</p>
Immunogen	Hairy cell leukaemia cells (3).
Specificity	<p>Anti-CD19, HD37, was included in the Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth International Workshops and Conferences on Human Leucocyte Differentiation Antigens and studies by a number of laboratories confirmed its reactivity with CD19 (4, 5).</p> <p>Anti-CD19, HD37, labels human B cells in peripheral blood, bone marrow and other tissues. The antibody was shown to be unreactive with other cells in the human haematopoietic system and did not react with non-haematopoietic cells, e.g. in kidney, liver, breast or lung tissues (5). Anti-CD19, HD37, inhibits anti-Ig-induced B-cell activation and proliferation (6).</p>
Precautions	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. The device is not intended for clinical use including diagnosis, prognosis, and monitoring of a disease state, and it must not be used in conjunction with patient records or treatment.2. This product contains sodium azide (NaN₃), a chemical highly toxic in pure form. At product concentrations, though not classified as hazardous, sodium azide may react with lead and copper plumbing to form highly explosive build-ups of metal azides. Upon disposal, flush with large volumes of water to prevent metal azide build-up in plumbing.3. As with any product derived from biological sources, proper handling procedures should be used.
Storage	Store in the dark at 2-8 °C. Do not use after expiration date stamped on vial. If unexpected staining is observed which cannot be explained by variations in laboratory procedures and a problem with the product is suspected, contact our Technical Services.
Staining procedure	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Transfer 100 µL of anticoagulated (EDTA) blood to a 12 x 75 mm polystyrene test tube.2. Add 10 µL of PB 985 and mix gently with a vortex mixer. The 10 µL is a guideline only; the optimal volume should be determined by the individual laboratory.3. The recommended negative control is a non-reactive PB-conjugated antibody of the same isotype.4. Incubate in the dark at 4 °C for 30 minutes or at room temperature (20-25 °C) for 15-30 minutes.5. Add 100 µL of Dako Uti-Lyse™ (code Nos. S 3325 or S 3350) Reagent A to each sample and mix gently with a vortex mixer. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature in the dark.6. Add 1 mL of Dako Uti-Lyse™ Reagent B to each sample and mix gently with a vortex mixer. Incubate for 10 minutes at room temperature in the dark. If another lysing reagent is used in steps 5 and 6, please follow the recommendations for that reagent.7. Centrifuge at 300 x g for 5 minutes. Gently aspirate the supernatant and discard it leaving approximately 50 µL of fluid.8. Add 2 mL 0.01 mol/L PBS containing 2% bovine serum albumin and resuspend the cells by using a vortex mixer.9. Repeat step 7.10. Resuspend pellet in an appropriate fluid for flow cytometry, e.g. 0.3 mL PBS. The PBS should contain 1% paraformaldehyde (fixative) if samples are not analysed the same day.









- Analyse on a flow cytometer or store at 2-8 °C in the dark until analysis. Samples can be run up to 24 hours after lysis.

Optimal conditions may vary depending on specimen and preparation method, and should be determined by each individual laboratory. It is recommended to include a suitable positive and negative control sample with each run for reagent and preparation control. Note that fluorochrome conjugates are light sensitive, and samples should be protected from light during the staining procedure and until the analysis.

References

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- Pezzutto A, Dörken B, Rabinovitch PS, Ledbetter JA, Moldenhauer G, Clark EA. CD19 monoclonal antibody HD37 inhibits anti-immunoglobulin-induced B cell activation and proliferation. J Immunol 1987;138:2793-9.

Explanation of symbols

 REF	Catalogue number		Keep away from sunlight (consult storage section)		Manufacturer
	Consult instructions for use		Batch code		Authorized representative in the European Community
	Temperature limitation		Use by		



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